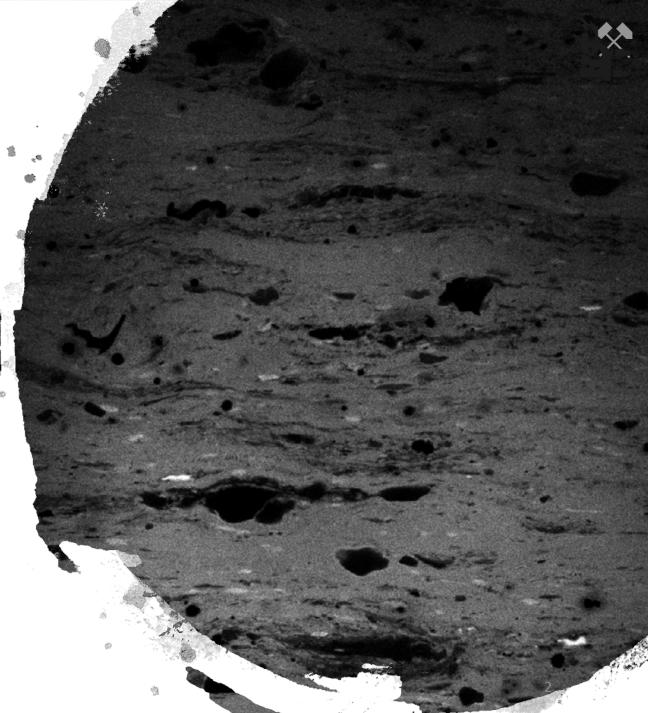
Confocal Laser Scanning Microscopy (CLSM) Working Group: Final Report 2021

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## Outline

- □History of the WG
- □Sample used in WG
- AFM/ion milling characterization
   CLSM results
- Outcomes and Summary





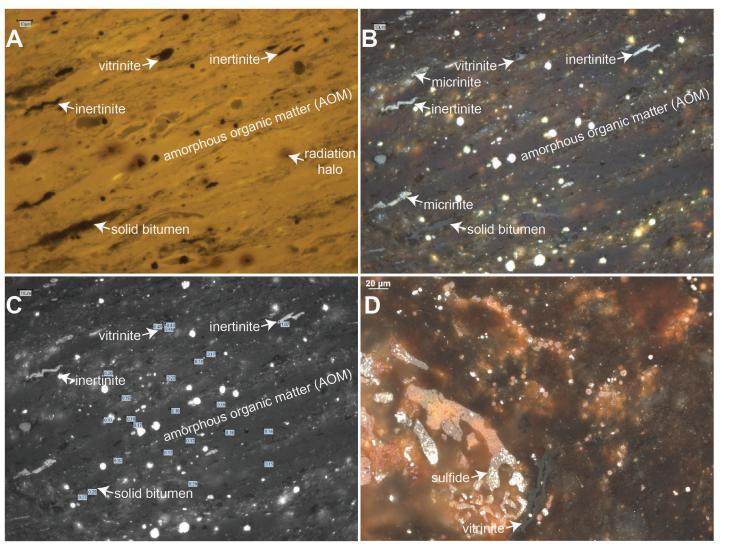
## History of the CLSM WG

- Established Potsdam 2015
- Call for participants ICCP News No. 63 (Nov. 2015)
- Questionnaire February 2016
- Additional participants from 2016 GSA, 2016 ICCP (total 16)
- Kimmeridge Clay (KC) selected for ILS in 2017
- KC sample distributed April 2018

- Initial KC results presented Brisbane 2018
- Efforts to rejuvenate WG discussed The Hague 2019
- **Covid 2020**
- □Video meetings of the convenors in 2021
- No interest from WG members to continue in 2021

Decision to close WG 2021

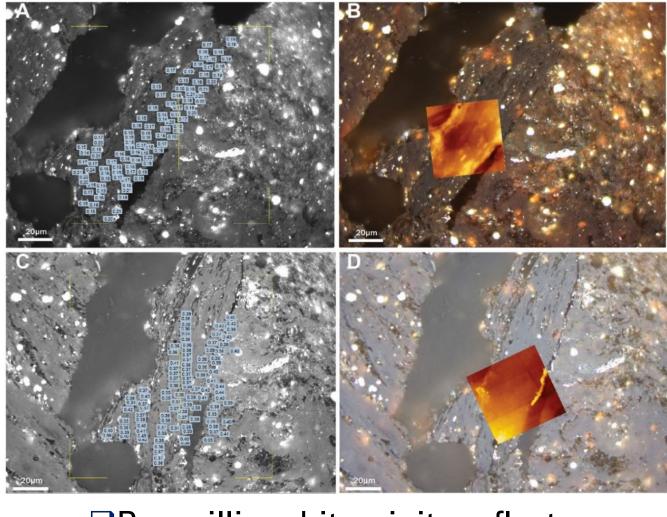
## Sample used in CLSM WG



 Kimmeridge Clay Fm.
 44 wt.% TOC, 0.42% VR<sub>o</sub>
 0.29% BR<sub>o</sub>, 737 HI
 bituminite, vitrinite, solid bitumen, inertinite, micrinite, sulfides

□0.035 S<sub>org</sub>/C (6.63 wt.% org. S)





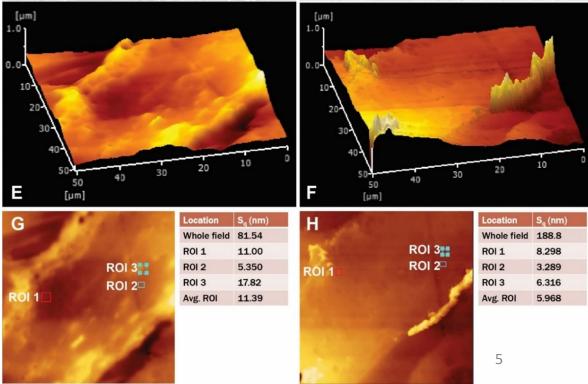
Pre-milling: bituminite reflectance 0.18% (s.d. 0.02, n=100)

Post-milling: bituminite reflectance 0.38% (s.d. 0.03, n=100) Response to broad ion beam milling

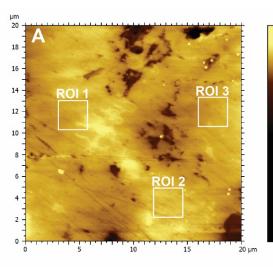
Reflectance increase

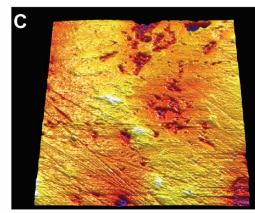
Differential milling based on hardness

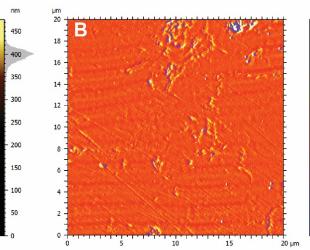
BIB-induced surface flattening measured by AFM







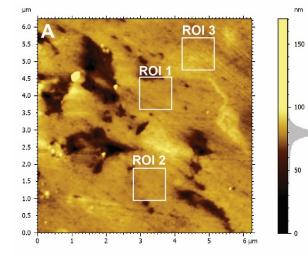




D -

Heigh	t Param	eters	
Sq	22.0	nm	Root-mean-square height
Ssk	-4.48		Skewness
Sku	46.9		Kurtosis
Sp	81.9	nm	Maximum peak height
Sv	395	nm	Maximum pit height
Sz	477	nm	Maximum height
Sa	13.3	nm	Arithmetic mean height

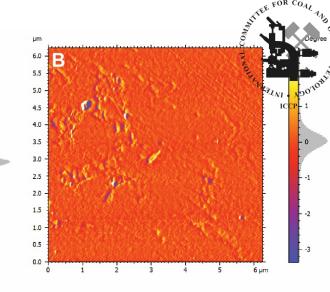
0.5 1.0



Degree

10

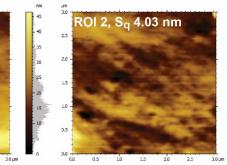
-5



D ISO 25178 **Height Parameters** 9.57 nm Root-mean-square height Sq Ssk -1.68 Skewness Sku 12.2 Kurtosis 93.2 nm Sp Maximum peak height 77.0 nm Maximum pit height Sv 170 Maximum height Sz nm 6.08 Arithmetic mean height Sa nm

Ε µm 3.0 -ROI 1, S<sub>q</sub> 8.17 nm 2.5 -2.0 -1.5 1.0 0.5 0.0 +

0.5 10 1.5 2.0 2.5

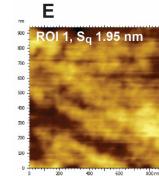


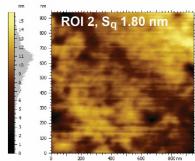
0.5 2.0 2.5 10 1.5

ROI 3, S<sub>q</sub> 6.44 nm + 0.0

1.5

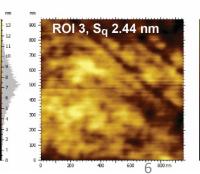
2.0 2.5 3.0 µm

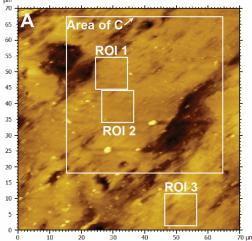


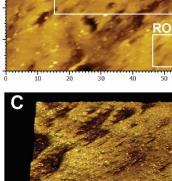


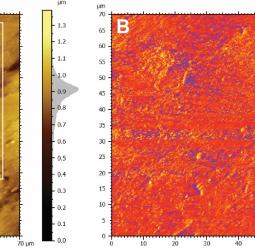
nm

100









μm

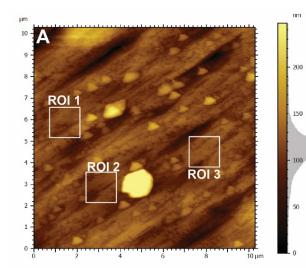
D

ISO 25178						
Height Parameters						
Sq	0.121	μm	Root-mean-square height			
Ssk	-1.84		Skewness			
Sku	8.07		Kurtosis			
Sp	0.525	μm	Maximum peak height			
Sv	0.865	μm	Maximum pit height			
Sz	1.39	μm	Maximum height			
Sa	0.0844	μm	Arithmetic mean height			

50

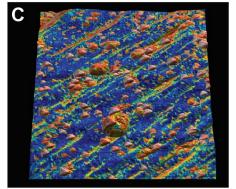
60

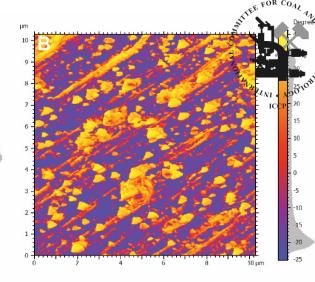
70 µm



Degree

30



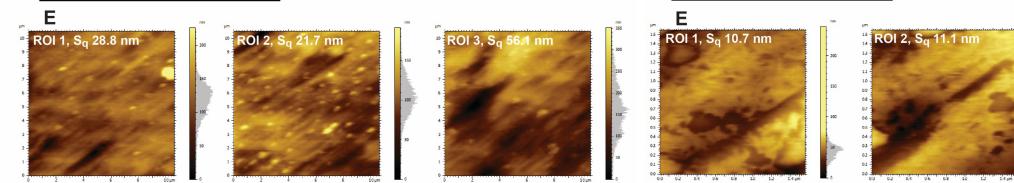


ISO 25178							
Height Parameters							
136	nm	Root-mean-square height					
0.011		Skewness					
2.18		Kurtosis					
331	nm	Maximum peak height					
342	nm	Maximum pit height					
672	nm	Maximum height					
114	nm	Arithmetic mean height					
	t Parame 136 0.011 2.18 331 342 672	t Parameters           136         nm           0.011					

<sup>15</sup> ROI 3, Sq 16.8 nm

0.0

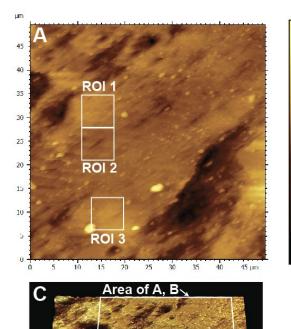
0.0 0.2

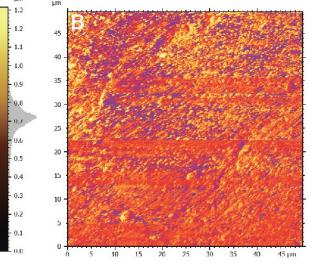


0.6 0.8 1.0 12

7

- 200





D

ISO 25178 Height Parameters						
Ssk	-1.38		Skewness			
Sku	8.77		Kurtosis			
Sp	0.616	μm	Maximum peak height			
Sv	0.698	μm	Maximum pit height			
Sz	1.31	μm	Maximum height			
Sa	0.0702	μm	Arithmetic mean height			

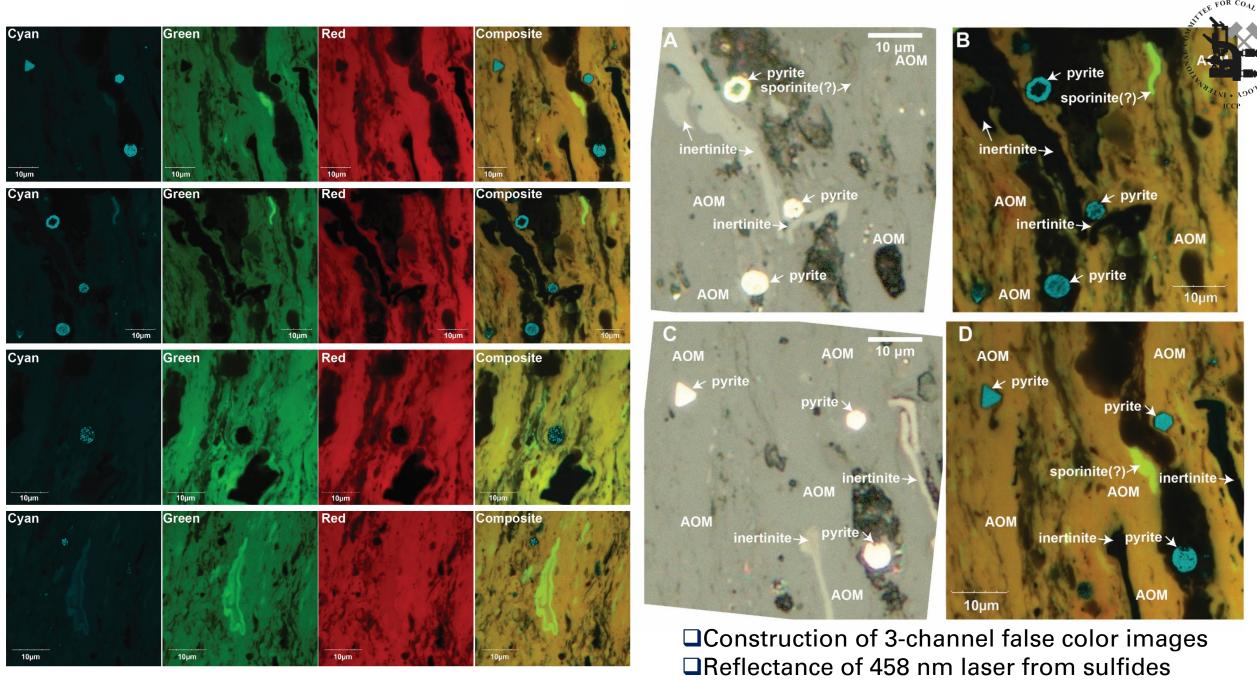
### **BIB/AFM Summary**



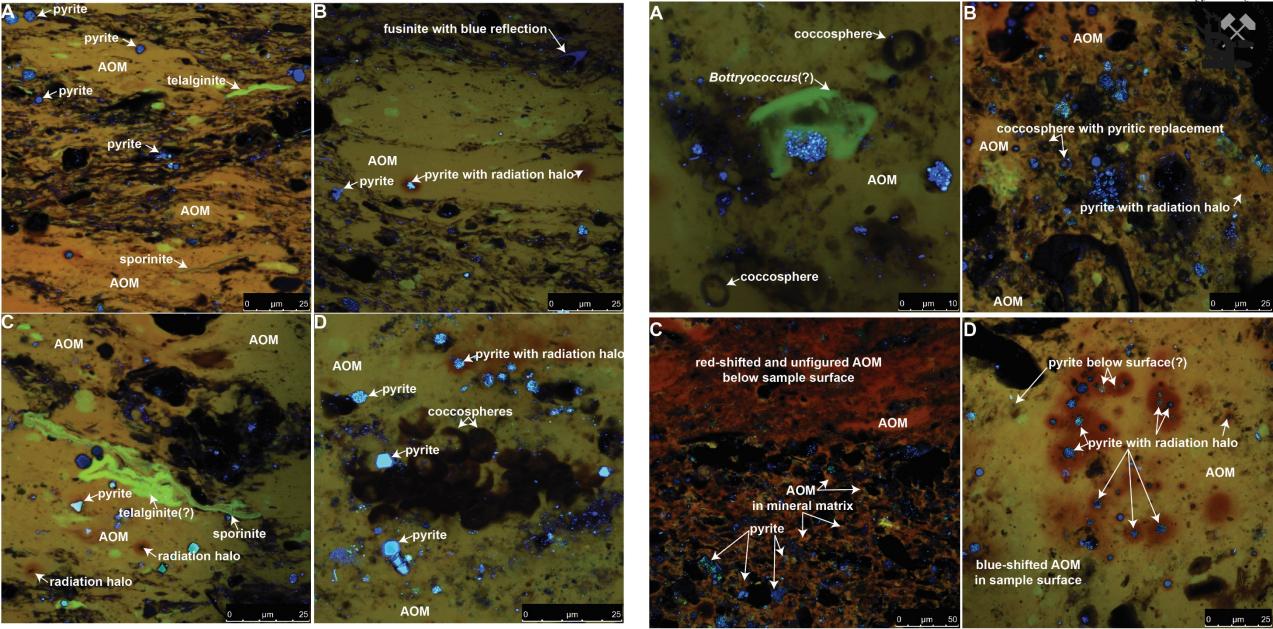
Reflectance increase after BIB milling

- Differential milling based on hardness
   exposure of nano-sulfides, quartz
- BIB-induced surface flattening of bituminite measured by correlative AFM
- BIB-induced surface roughening caused by differential milling
- Wider distribution of mechanical properties post-milling, exposure of nano-sulfides
- Smearing of OM during mechanical polish disguises nano-sulfides(?)
- □Scale of observation matters: smaller fields give lower S<sub>q</sub>

□More work is required

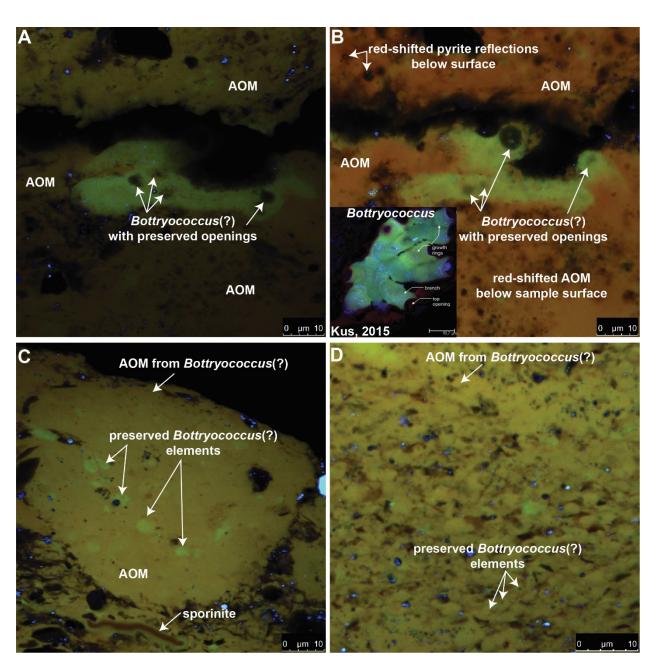


FOR COAL



Reflectance of 458 nm laser from sulfidesU substitution for Fe: radiation halos

Bottryococcus(?)
 Red-shifted fluorescence/reflectance below\_surface

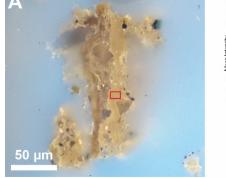


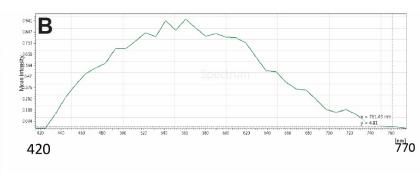
# TRANSPORT COAL TAB

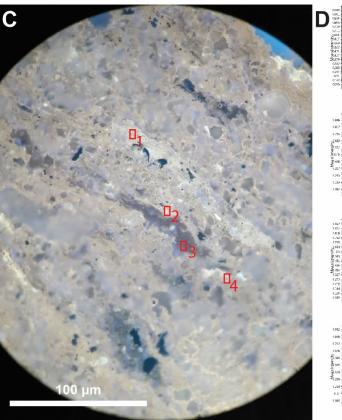
#### **CLSM Imaging Summary**

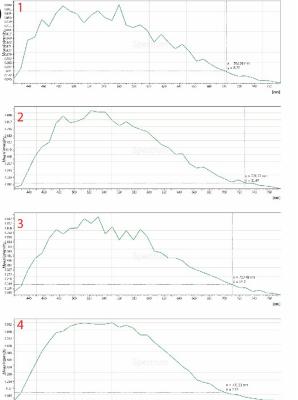
Reflectance of 458 nm laser
U substitution for Fe *Bottryococcus(?)*Red-shifted fluorescence
and reflectance below sample
surface





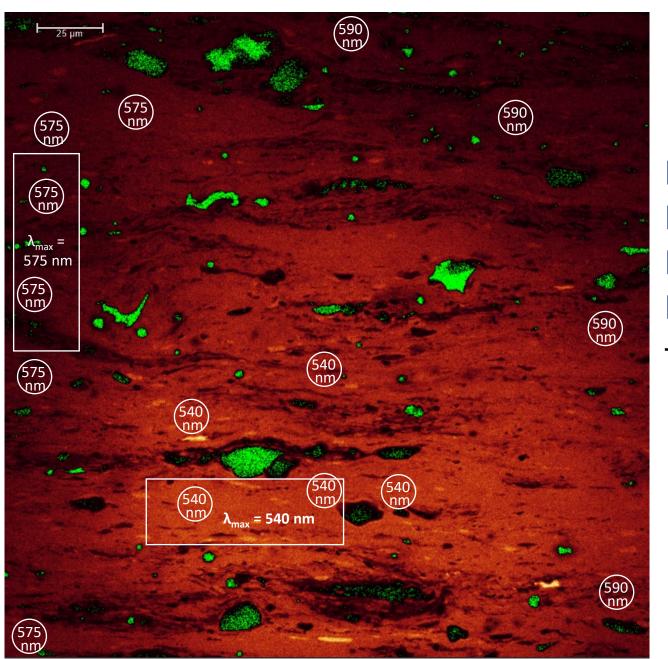






#### **CLSM Spectroscopy**

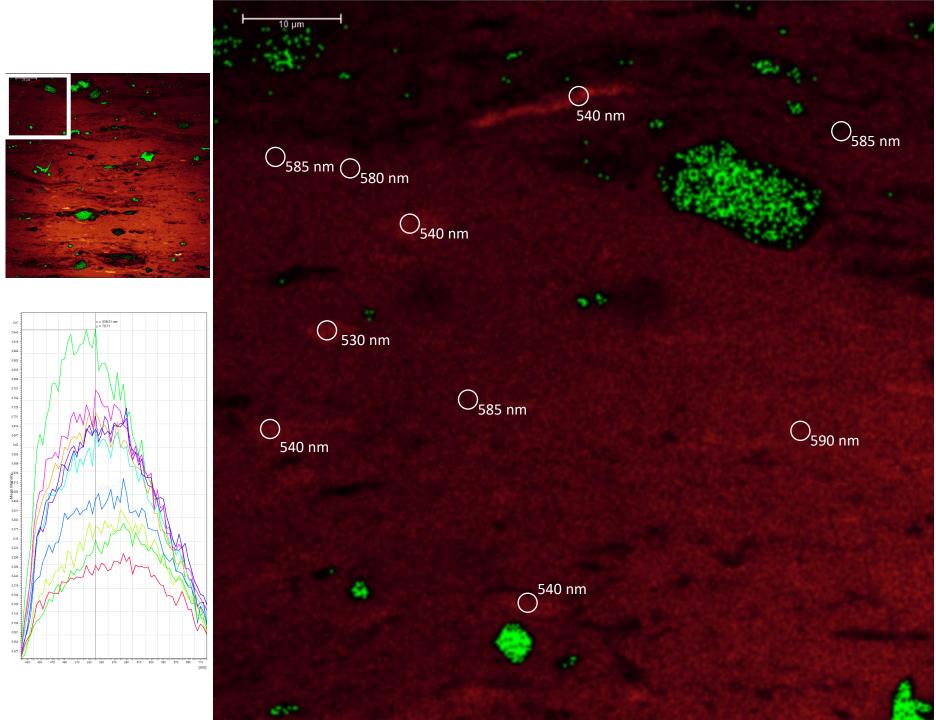
□ B:  $\lambda_{max}$  562 nm (405 nm diode) □ Calc. BR<sub>o</sub> 0.29% (Stasiuk, 1994) □ B+D: Avg.  $\lambda_{max}$  539 nm (n=5) □ Calc. BR<sub>o</sub> 0.21% (Stasiuk, 1994)



#### **CLSM Spectroscopy**

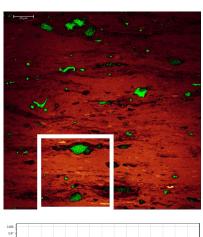


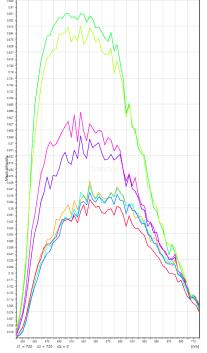
 $\begin{array}{l} \hline \label{eq:constraint} \hline \\ \hline \\ \end{tabular} Unaltered $\lambda_{max}$ 575 nm \\ \hline \\ \end{tabular} Altered $\lambda_{max}$ 540 nm \\ \hline \\ \end{tabular} Calc. $BR_{o}$ 0.32\%$ (Stasiuk, 1994) \\ from unaltered area \end{array}$ 

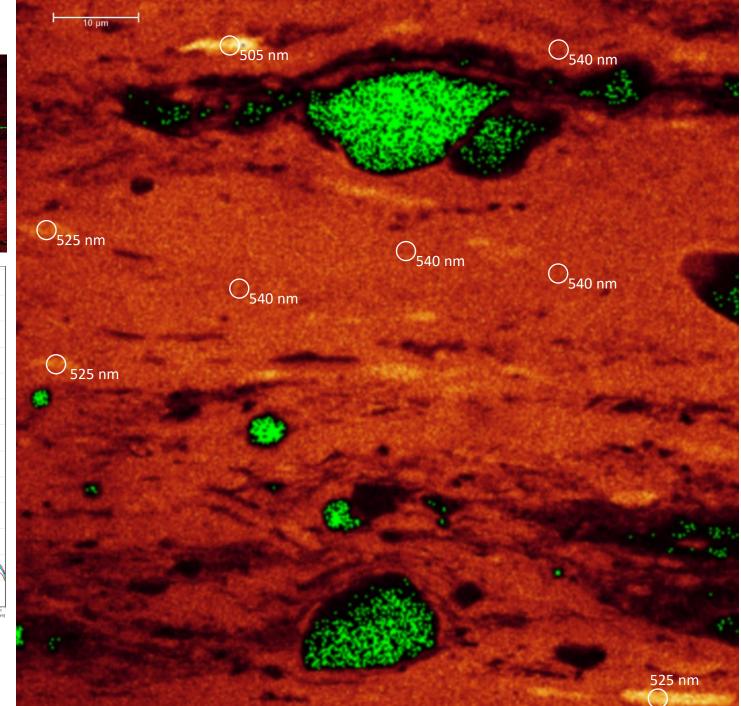




□Unaltered region □Higher emission intensity blue-shift □ $\lambda_{max}$  538 nm, avg. high intensity □ $\lambda_{max}$  585 nm, avg. lower intensity







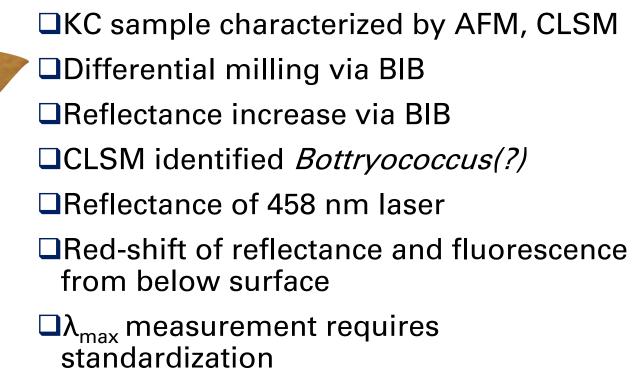


Altered region
 Higher emission intensity blue-shift
 λ<sub>max</sub> 520 nm, avg. high intensity
 λ<sub>max</sub> 540 nm, avg. lower intensity



## Summary

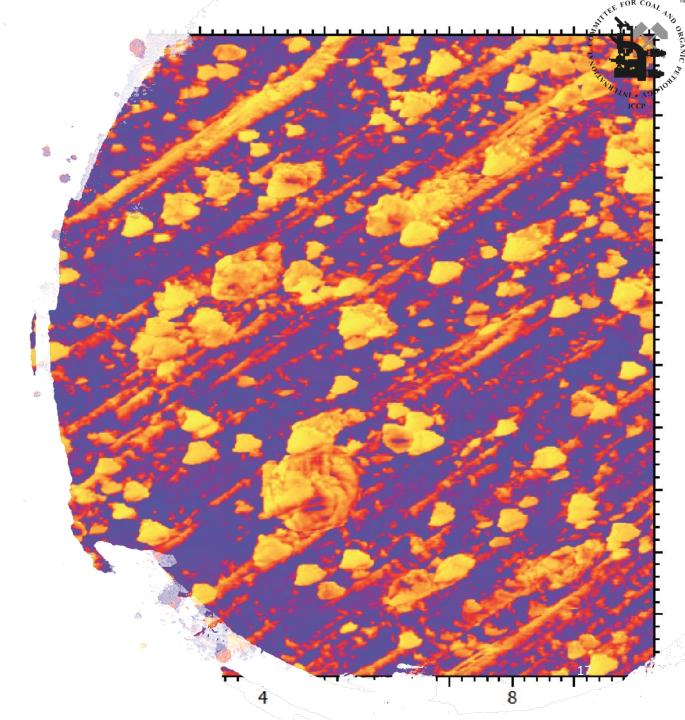
10µn



- Empirical relation from Stasiuk matches measured BR<sub>o</sub>
- Photooxidation causes positive alteration, color blue-shift

## **Next Steps**

Provide final CLSM WG report
Update webpage
Notification to ICCP News
Peer-reviewed manuscript



## **Thanks ICCP!**

Paul C. Hackley, USGS, <u>phackley@usgs.gov</u> Jolanta Kus, BGR, <u>jolanta.kus@bgr.de</u>